

positioning a chemical vapor deposition coating apparatus over a tin bath containing a glass ribbon having a temperature of at least about  $400^{\circ}$  C  $(752^{\circ}$  F);

directing a titanium dioxide precursor through said chemical vapor deposition apparatus over a surface of the glass ribbon heated to said temperature; and

thereafter annealing the glass ribbon, whereby said layer of titanium dioxide is produced.

(Amended) A method according to claim 52, the improvement further comprising: depositing over a surface of said float ribbon as the float ribbon is formed in said tin bath a sodium ion diffusion barrier layer comprising silicon oxide and having a thickness of at least about 100 Å over a surface of said float ribbon and depositing in said tin bath said photocatalytically-activatable self-cleaning coating over said sodium ion diffusion barrier layer.

(Amended) A method comprising the steps of: providing by a float manufacturing process a glass article having at least one surface;

depositing in a tin bath during said float manufacturing process a photocatalytically-activatable self-cleaning coating over the surface of the article by chemical vapor deposition so that the coating has titanium dioxide in at least the crystalline phase and has a thickness ranging from at least 100 Å to less than 1 micron.

(Amended) A method comprising the steps of:

providing by a float glass manufacturing process a glass article having at least one surface;

depositing a sodium ion diffusion barrier coating over the surface of the article by chemical vapor deposition in a tin bath during the glass manufacturing process; and

depositing at a temperature in the range of from about  $538^{\circ}$  to below about  $800^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $1000^{\circ}$  to  $1472^{\circ}$  F) a photocatalytically-activatable self-cleaning coating over the

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barrier coating so that the photocatalytically-activatable self-cleaning coating comprises titanium dioxide in at least the crystalline phase and has a thickness ranging from at least about 100 Å to less than 1 micron.

A method according to claim 76, further comprising the step of exposing the photocatalytically-activatable self-cleaning coating to ultraviolet radiation whereby a photocatalytically-activated self-cleaning coating is produced.

79. A method according to claim %, wherein the glass ribbon is at a temperature of 648°C to 800°C.